|  |
| --- |
| **E:\My Documents\Desktop\Logo_FPT_University_doc.jpgMinistry of education and training** |
| Software Project Management Plan |
| Place Sharing Network |
|  |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | **PSN Team** | | | **Group Members** | Võ Thanh Quảng – 00308 – QuangVT00308  Lê Minh Quang – 00518 – QuangLM00518  Trương Quang Dũng – 00440 – DungTQ00440  Nguyễn Minh Quốc – 00319 – QuocNM00319  Nguyễn Minh Vượng – 00335 – VuongNM00335 | | **Supervisor** | Teacher Huỳnh Anh Dũng | | **Ext Supervisor** |  | | **Capstone Project code** | PSN | |
| **Hanoi, 16th Jan, 2011** |

**Record of Changes**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Date** | **Change Item** | **Description** | **By** | **Version** |
| 16/1/2011 | All | Create the document | QuangVT | 0.1 |
| 17/1/2011 | Coding conventions | Update coding conventions | QuangVT | 0.2 |
| 19/4/2011 |  | Update some content | QuangVT | 1.0 |

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# Problem Definition

## Name of this Capstone Project

The official and formal project name is Place Sharing Network. The product name is Place.vn but it might be different once the project is completed and comes to deployment.

## Problem Abstract

The authors of this project find it necessary to build a system for Vietnamese users to share and find best places for any purposes. The project has no customer other than the authors ourselves.

The need for such services is really high. There are currently some other products providing quite the same services, but all have their own disadvantages. The purpose of this project is to create a product that overcomes all those disadvantages and becomes the leader in the Vietnamese market.

Once completed, the product must possess the following characteristics:

* Running as a social network and utilizing web 2.0 technologies to make the users responsible for most of the data
* Having a good initial database for many kinds of places in the main regions of the countries. It can be quantified as 1000 places for 200 different categories in Hanoi and Ho Chi Minh cities.
* Can be used by all levels of Internet users
* Having a good rating system that makes the places most reliable
* Can be commercialized

## Project Overview

### The Current System

There is no current system. The product is building from scratch as a new idea.

### The Proposed System

The main system will be a website. There will be mobile applications running on popular operating systems as well.

The system will provide the following main features in front-end:

* Anyone can visit the site and search for places of any kinds
* Authenticated users can post places to the site
* Authenticated users can involve in the rating system to evaluate places. The rating system includes rating, review, comments, visiting…
* Authorized users can edit the information of a place to make it more correct
* Users can ask for the most suitable place for a particular purpose
* The system can integrate well with some other popular networks

The back-end will allow the administrators to manage the most important activities as well as information on the site.

The system can be commercialized by providing some advanced functions to advanced users:

* Place owners may want their places to be the first item in search result or home page
* Place owners may want to post special offers on their places’ page
* Provide service for verifying places
* Other businesses may want to place ad banners on the site
* Selling mobile applications
* …

### Boundaries of the System

The system under development of this Capstone Project will include:

* The complete website
* All the process documents involved

### Development Environment

Below is the list of hardware and software requirements needed for development environment:

#### Hardware requirements:

* Personal computers for developing with the minimum configuration: 3 Gb of RAM, 100Gb of hard disk, Core 2 Duo 2.0 Ghz
* A server computer for testing with the minimum configuration: 4 Gb of RAM, 100Gb of hard disk, Core 2 Duo 2.0 Ghz
* An Android smart phone with GPS and wi-fi powered

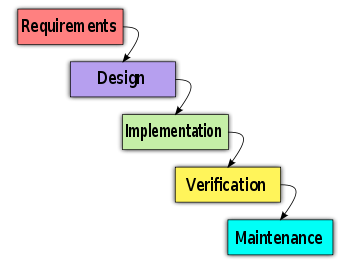
#### Software requirements:

* Operating system: Windows 7/Windows Server 2008
* Web Server: IIS 7
* Framework: .NET Framework 4.0
* IDE: Visual Studio 2010
* DBMS: SQL Server 2008 R2
* Source Control: Team Foundation Server 2010

# Project Organization

## Software Process Model

The process model used for developing this project is waterfall model.

[](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/File:Waterfall_model.svg)

All of the phases in the waterfall models are included in the scope of this project and are the responsibilities of the team.

## Roles and Responsibilities

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| No | **Full name** | **Role in Group** | **Responsibilities** |
| 1 | Võ Thanh Quảng | PM, Tech Lead | * Managing process * Designing database * Creating high-level design and coding framework * Training * Coding * Testing |
| 2 | Lê Minh Quang | Dev, Tester, QA | * Coding * Managing documents * Creating system test cases * Testing |
| 3 | Trương Quang Dũng | Dev, BA | * Coding * Clarifying requirements * Creating test plan and system test cases * Testing |
| 4 | Nguyễn Minh Quốc | Dev, CM | * Coding * Managing configuration * Deployment |
| 5 | Nguyễn Minh Vượng | Dev, Designer | * Coding * GUI Design * Testing |

## Tools and Techniques

* Front-end technologies: ASP.NET MVC 3.0, jQuery, AJAX
* Tools: JetBrain Resharper, RedGate SQL Prompt, NUnit, TFS Power Tools
* ORM: Entity Framework
* Architecture and design patterns: MVC, Inversion of Control, Dependency Injection, Layered, Repository

# Project Management Plan

## Tasks

### Create Software Requirements Specification

#### Description

Create software requirements specification

#### Output

Software Requirement Specification (SRS) document

#### Deliverables

Deliver SRS document before 14/2/2011

#### Resources Needed

5 people for 1.5 weeks

#### Dependencies and Constraints

None

#### Risks

Because there is no actual user, and the requirements come from all the team members, conflicts may happen regularly.

### Design Database

#### Description

Create logical and physical database design

#### Output

Database Design and Database script

#### Deliverables

Deliver with Software Design Description before 28/2/2010

#### Resources Needed

2 people for 3 days

#### Dependencies and Constraints

Depends on the completion of SRS

#### Risks

SRS may not be detailed enough to capture the business rules, causing the database design to be inappropriate or will be changed much in the future.

### Create Software Design Description

#### Description

Design the system in an OOP manner.

#### Output

Architecture design, detailed design, diagrams and design specification

#### Deliverables

SDD before 28/2/2010

#### Resources Needed

5 people for 1.5 weeks

#### Dependencies and Constraints

Depends on the completion of SRS

#### Risks

Risks may include choosing inappropriate architecture and design patterns, causing the system hard to maintain, or causing high coding efforts

### Layout Design

#### Description

Create the main GUI for layout, and create global styles that will be applied to the GUI

#### Output

HTML layout and CSS files

#### Deliverables

None

#### Resources Needed

1 person for 1 week

#### Dependencies and Constraints

None

#### Risks

None

### Create Coding Framework

#### Description

Map the architecture design into source code, create the project solution files and common classes, and implement common functions.

#### Output

Visual Studio project and solution files containing coding framework

#### Deliverables

None

#### Resources Needed

1 person for 1 week

#### Dependencies and Constraints

Dependent on Architecture design and SRS

#### Risks

All the technologies used in this project are so new that the team leader may not master before creating coding framework. This leads to inappropriate implementation and hard to train other members.

### Coding

#### Description

Implement the system to reflect the requirements

#### Output

Source code of the project, unit test reports

#### Deliverables

Executable programs and source code before 20/4/2011

#### Resources Needed

5 people for 5 weeks

#### Dependencies and Constraints

Depends on the completion of SRS, SDD, Database design, Coding framework

#### Risks

* Unit test may not be performed thoroughly causing spending many efforts in system test phase.
* May lack of time to implement all the requirements
* The team don’t have a common place, so it is hard to perform collaboration and CM
* Team members may not easily get used to new technologies

### System Test

#### Description

Perform system test for the system

#### Output

System test report

#### Deliverables

Software Test Documentation before 20/4/2011

#### Resources Needed

5 people for 1.5 weeks

#### Dependencies and Constraints

Coding is finished

#### Risks

* Lack of professional testers in team
* Developers are also responsible for system testing, this may lead to compromise

### Input Initial Data

#### Description

Collect and input initial data for the system before going live

#### Output

Initial data

#### Deliverables

None

#### Resources Needed

5 people for 1 week

#### Dependencies and Constraints

Coding and system test are finished

#### Risks

None

### Deployment

#### Description

Deploy the system to the Internet

#### Output

Running website with domain and hosting

#### Deliverables

None

#### Resources Needed

2 people for 3 days

#### Dependencies and Constraints

Coding and system test are finished, initial data is inputted

#### Risks

None

## Task Sheet: Assignments and Timetable

Refer to the Master Plan document.

## Meeting Minutes

### Kickoff Meeting 6/1/2011

**Meeting Minutes**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Subject** | Kickoff Meeting | **Date** | 06/01/2011 |
| **Facilitator** | Beef Grill Restaurant | **Time** | 19:00 – 21:00 |
| **Location** | Cau Giay Str. | **Scribe** | QuangLM |
| **Attendees** | DungHA (Supervisor), QuangVT (Team Lead), QuangLM, DungTQ, QuocNM, VuongNM | | |
| **Absent** |  | | |

| **Key Points Discussed** | | |
| --- | --- | --- |
| No. | Topic | Highlights |
| 1. | Team member introduction | Introduce all members of team to supervisor |
| 2. | Project introduction | Introduce briefly about the project |
| 3. | Kick-off Party | Make all team member closer |

| **Action Plan** | | | |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| No. | Action Item(s) | Owner | Target Date |
| 1. | Writing Report 1: Introduction | QuangVT | 9/1 |

### Meeting 11/1/2011

**Meeting Minutes**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Subject** | Requirement Brainstorming | **Date** | 11/01/2011 |
| **Facilitator** | Detech Building | **Time** | 9:00 – 11:00 |
| **Location** | 8 - Ton That Thuyet Street, Cau Giay District | **Scribe** | QuangLM |
| **Attendees** | DungHA (Supervisor), QuangVT (Team Lead), QuangLM, DungTQ, QuocNM, VuongNM | | |
| **Absent** |  | | |

| **Key Points Discussed** | | |
| --- | --- | --- |
| No. | Topic | Highlights |
| 1 | Place Information Structure | Discuss about what kind of information a place should have |
| 2 | System Functions | Discuss about what function the system should have |
| 3 | Domain, Website Name | Discuss and choose a name for domain, website |

| **Action Plan** | | | |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| No. | Action Item(s) | Owner | Target Date |
| 1 | Writing Function List | All members | 12/1 |

### Meeting 13/1/2011

**Meeting Minutes**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Subject** | Requirement Brainstorming | **Date** | 13/01/2011 |
| **Facilitator** | Detech Building | **Time** | 9:00 – 11:00 |
| **Location** | 8 - Ton That Thuyet Street, Cau Giay District | **Scribe** | QuangLM |
| **Attendees** | QuangVT (Team Lead), QuangLM, DungTQ, VuongNM | | |
| **Absent** | QuocNM | | |

| **Key Points Discussed** | | |
| --- | --- | --- |
| No. | Topic | Highlights |
| 1 | Brief Function Analysis | Analyze all functions listed and discuss briefly how it works |
| 2 | Assign Writing Use Case | Assign to all members writing use case base on function list |
| 3 | Technic Preparation | Discuss, share documents, software to prepare basic knowledge, tools for project |

| **Action Plan** | | | |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| No. | Action Item(s) | Owner | Target Date |
| 1 | Writing Use Case | All members | 20/1 |

### Meeting 15/1/2011

**Meeting Minutes**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Subject** | Requirement Brainstorming | **Date** | 15/01/2011 |
| **Facilitator** | Detech Building | **Time** | 10:00 – 13:00 |
| **Location** | 8 - Ton That Thuyet Street, Cau Giay District | **Scribe** | QuangLM |
| **Attendees** | QuangVT (Team Lead), QuangLM, DungTQ, QuocNM | | |
| **Absent** | VuongNM | | |

| **Key Points Discussed** | | |
| --- | --- | --- |
| No. | Topic | Highlights |
| 1 | Use Case discussion | Discuss about hard use cases, problems happen when writing use case |
| 2 | Prepare Report 2: Planning | Discuss about planning, schedule |
| 3 | Other discussion | Discuss about newly released technologies which can be applied to develop the system |

| **Action Plan** | | | |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| No. | Action Item(s) | Owner | Target Date |
| 1 | Update/Edit/Continue Use Case document | All members | 20/1 |

### Meeting 18/1/2011

**Meeting Minutes**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Subject** | Database design brainstorming | **Date** | 18/01/2011 |
| **Facilitator** | Detech Building | **Time** | 10:00 – 13:00 |
| **Location** | 8 - Ton That Thuyet Street, Cau Giay District | **Scribe** | QuangLM |
| **Attendees** | QuangVT (Team Lead), QuangLM, DungTQ, QuocNM | | |
| **Absent** |  | | |

| **Key Points Discussed** | | |
| --- | --- | --- |
| No. | Topic | Highlights |
| 1 | Discuss about database design |  |

| **Action Plan** | | | |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| No. | Action Item(s) | Owner | Target Date |
| 1 | Create Database Design | All members | 25/1 |

### Meeting 21/1/2011

**Meeting Minutes**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Subject** | Training about SDD | **Date** | 21/01/2011 |
| **Facilitator** | Detech Building | **Time** | 10:00 – 13:00 |
| **Location** | 8 - Ton That Thuyet Street, Cau Giay District | **Scribe** | QuangLM |
| **Attendees** | QuangVT (Team Lead), QuangLM, DungTQ, QuocNM | | |
| **Absent** |  | | |

| **Key Points Discussed** | | |
| --- | --- | --- |
| No. | Topic | Highlights |
| 1 | Introduction about Software Design Description document | Introduce what are included in SDD |
| 2 | How to create some common kinds of design diagrams | How to use Visio and Visual Studio to create Component Diagram, Class Diagram and Sequence Diagram |
| 3 | Review Database design |  |

| **Action Plan** | | | |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| No. | Action Item(s) | Owner | Target Date |
| 1 | Create SDD | All members | 20/2 |

### Meeting 24/2/2011

**Meeting Minutes**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Subject** | Training about coding framework | **Date** | 24/02/2011 |
| **Facilitator** | Detech Building | **Time** | 10:00 – 13:00 |
| **Location** | 8 - Ton That Thuyet Street, Cau Giay District | **Scribe** | QuangLM |
| **Attendees** | QuangVT (Team Lead), QuangLM, DungTQ, QuocNM | | |
| **Absent** |  | | |

| **Key Points Discussed** | | |
| --- | --- | --- |
| No. | Topic | Highlights |
| 1 | Training about coding framework |  |
| 2 | Training about development tools | Visual Studio, Resharper, Baretail… |

| **Action Plan** | | | |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| No. | Action Item(s) | Owner | Target Date |
| 1 | Prepare to implementation phase | All members | 26/2 |

# Coding Conventions

The following rules follow the standard rules for developing applications using .NET and C#.

## Naming Conventions

The following terms describe different ways to case identifiers.

#### Pascal Casing

The first letter in the identifier and the first letter of each subsequent concatenated word are capitalized. You can use Pascal case for identifiers of three or more characters. For example:

BackColor

#### Camel Casing

The first letter of an identifier is lowercase and the first letter of each subsequent concatenated word is capitalized. For example:

backColor

#### Uppercase

All letters in the identifier are capitalized. For example:

IO

#### Naming rules

* Use Pascal casing for Class names.

public class HelloWorld

{

...

}

* Use Pascal casing for Method names

void SayHello(string name)

{

...

}

* Use Camel casing for variables and method parameters

void SayHello(string name)

{

string fullMessage = "Hello " + name;

...

}

* All private member variables must be prefixed with underscore (\_) so that they can be identified from other local variables.

public class HelloWorld

{

private int \_count;

}

* Use Meaningful, descriptive words to name variables. Do not use abbreviations.

string address (not addr)

int salary (not sal)

* Do not use variable names that resemble keywords.
* Prefix boolean variables, properties and methods with “is” or similar prefixes.

private bool \_isFinished;

* Namespace names should follow the standard pattern.

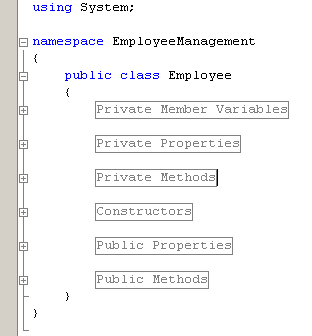
***<company name>.<product name>.<top level module>.<bottom level module>***

* Use appropriate prefix for the UI elements to identify them from the rest of the variables.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Control** | **Prefix** |
| Label | lbl |
| TextBox | txt |
| DataGrid | dtg |
| Button | btn |
| ImageButton | imb |
| Hyperlink | hlk |
| DropDownList | ddl |
| ListBox | lst |
| DataList | dtl |
| Repeater | rep |
| Checkbox | chk |
| CheckBoxList | cbl |
| RadioButton | rdo |
| RadioButtonList | rbl |
| Image | img |
| Panel | pnl |
| PlaceHolder | phd |
| Table | tbl |
| Validators | val |

* File name should match with class name.

***For the class*** HelloWorld***, the file name should be HelloWorld.cs***

* Use #region to group related pieces of code together. If you use proper grouping using #region, the page should like this when all definitions are collapsed.
* Keep private member variables, properties and methods in the top of the file and public members in the bottom.
* Compound words should be cased correctly (FxCop Microsoft.Naming CA1702)

Avoid creating compound words from terms which exist in the dictionary as discrete terms. Do not create a compound word such as ***'StopWatch'*** or ***'PopUp'***. These terms are recognized in the dictionary and should be cased as ***'Stopwatch'*** and ***'Popup'.***

* Identifiers should differ by more than case. (FxCop Microsoft.Naming CA1708)

Do not use names that require case sensitivity for uniqueness. Components must be fully usable from both case-sensitive and case-insensitive languages. Since case-insensitive languages cannot distinguish between two names within the same context that differ only by case, components must avoid this situation.

* Identifiers should have correct prefix (FxCop Microsoft.Naming CA1715)

Prefix interface names with the letter 'I' to indicate that the type is an interface, as in IFormattable. Prefix generic type parameter names with the letter 'T' and provide them with descriptive names, as in Dictionary<TKey, TValue>, unless a single 'T' is completely self-explanatory, as in Collection<T>. Use Pascal casing for both interface and type parameter names. Use abbreviations sparingly. Do not use the underscore character. Do use similar names when defining a class/interface pair where the class is a standard implementation of the interface. The names should differ only by the letter I prefixed on the interface name, as with Component and IComponent.

* Identifiers should have correct suffix (FxCop Microsoft.Naming CA1710)

Types that extend certain base types have specified name suffixes. Types that extend Attribute, for example, should be suffixed in 'Attribute', as in ObsoleteAttribute. This rules checks types that extend several base types, including Attribute, Exception, EventArgs, IMembershipPermission, Stream, and others.

* Identifiers should not match keywords (FxCop Microsoft.Naming CA1716)

Identifiers which conflict with reserved language keywords should be avoided. Using a reserved keyword as an identifier makes it harder for consumers in other languages to use your API.

* Parameter names should not match member names (FxCop Microsoft.Naming CA1719)

Parameter names should be distinct from member names.

public class HelloWorld

{

private int \_count;

public HelloWorld(int count)

{

\_count = count; //Should not change the parameter name to \_count

}

}

* Property names should not match get methods (FxCop Microsoft.Naming CA1721)

A Get method was found with the same name as a property. Get methods and properties should have names that clearly distinguish their function. See the design guidelines for information regarding choosing properties over methods.

* Type names should not match namespaces (FxCop Microsoft.Naming CA1724)

Identifiers which conflict in whole or in part with namespace names should be avoided. Names that describe the purpose or contents of a type are preferred.

## Coding Styles

* Avoid writing very long methods. A method should typically have 1~50 lines of code. If a method has more than 50 lines of code, you must consider re factoring into separate methods.
* Do not hardcode configuration data. Configuration data should be put into configuration file or database.
* Avoid using member variables. Declare local variables wherever necessary and pass it to other methods instead of sharing a member variable between methods. When sharing a member variable between methods, it will be difficult to track which method changed the value and when.
* Do not make the member variables public or protected. Keep them private and expose public/protected Properties.
* Do not have more than one class in a single file.
* Avoid public methods and properties, unless they really need to be accessed from outside the class. Use “internal” if they are accessed only within the same assembly.
* Declare variables as close as possible to where it is first used. Use one variable declaration per line.
* Use StringBuilder class instead of String when manipulating string objects in a loop. The String object works in weird way in .NET. Each time a string is appended, it is actually discarding the old string object and recreating a new object, which is a relatively expensive operations.
* Never do a 'catch exception and do nothing'. If hiding an exception, there is no way to notice the exception happened or not. Lot of developers uses this handy method to ignore non significant errors. Best practices are to avoid exceptions by checking all the error conditions programmatically. In any case, catching an exception and doing nothing is not allowed. In the worst case, exceptions should be logged for later investigation and system should not be halted.
* When you re throw an exception, use the throw statement without specifying the original exception. This way, the original call stack is preserved.
* Write your own custom exception classes if required in your application. Do not derive your custom exceptions from the base class SystemException. Instead, inherit from ApplicationException.
* A class should be declared as sealed if there is no further inheritance.
* Abstract types should not have constructors (FxCop Microsoft.Design CA1012). Public constructors for abstract types do not make sense because you cannot create instances of abstract types.
* Avoid empty interfaces (FxCop Microsoft.Design CA1040). Interfaces are meant to contain members that specify a set of behaviors. To mark or label a class, use an attribute instead of an empty interface.
* Avoid excessive parameters on generic types (FxCop Microsoft.Design CA1005). Avoid generic types with more than two type parameters as users have difficulties understanding what type parameters represent in types with long type parameter lists.
* Avoid out parameters (FxCop Microsoft.Design CA1021). Using out parameters might indicate a design flaw. Although there are legitimate times to use out parameters, their use frequently indicates a design that does not conform to the design guidelines for managed code.
* Declare types in namespaces (FxCop Microsoft.Design CA1050). A type should be defined inside a namespace to avoid duplication.
* Do not declare static members on generic types (FxCop Microsoft.Design CA1000). The syntax for calling static members on generic types is complex as the type parameter has to be specified for each call.
* Do not declare protected members in sealed types (FxCop Microsoft.Design CA1047). Sealed types cannot be extended, and protected members are only useful if you can extend the declaring type. Sealed types should not declare protected members.
* Do not declare virtual members in sealed types (FxCop Microsoft.Design CA1048). Sealed types cannot be extended, and virtual members are only useful if you can extend the declaring type.
* Do not expose generic lists (FxCop Microsoft.Design CA1002). Do not expose List<T> in object models. Use Collection<T>, ReadOnlyCollection<T> or KeyedCollection<K,V> instead. List<T> is meant to be used from implementation, not in object model API. List<T> is optimized for performance at the cost of long term versioning. For example, if you return List<T> to the client code, you will not ever be able to receive notifications when client code modifies the collection.
* Do not hide base class methods (FxCop Microsoft.Design CA1061). Defining a method in a derived class with the same name and parameters that are more weakly typed as one that is defined in the base class will obstruct access to the method defined in the base class.
* Do not overload operator equals on reference types (FxCop Microsoft.Design CA1046). Most reference types, including those that override System.Object.Equals, do not override the equality operator (==). Most languages provide a default implementation of this operator.
* Do not pass types by reference (FxCop Microsoft.Design CA1045). Although there are legitimate times to use reference parameters, such use frequently indicates a design that does not conform to the design guidelines for managed code.
* Enumerators should be strongly typed (FxCop Microsoft.Design CA1038). Types that implement IEnumerator should also provide a version of the Current property that returns a type other than Object. Implement the interface member explicitly and make the strongly typed version public.
* Exceptions should be public(FxCop Microsoft.Design CA1064). Exception classes should either be public, or have a non-generic public ancestor.
* Implement standard exception constructors (FxCop Microsoft.Design CA1032). Multiple constructors are required to correctly implement a custom exception. Missing constructors can make your exception unusable in certain scenarios. For example, the serialization constructor is required for handling exceptions in XML Web services.
* Lists are strongly typed (FxCop Microsoft.Design CA1039). IList implementations should also provide versions of the IList members that are strongly typed, namely they should specify types other than Object for method and property parameter and return types. Implement the interface members explicitly and make the strongly typed versions public. It is safe to ignore violations of this rule when you are implementing a new object-based collection, such as a linked list, where types based on your collection will determine what the strong type is. These types should expose strongly typed members.
* Override methods on comparable types (FxCop Microsoft.Design CA1036). Types that implement IComparable should redefine Equals and comparison operators to keep the meanings of less than, greater than, and equals consistent throughout the type.
* Replace repetitive arguments with params array (FxCop Microsoft.Design CA1025). Several instances of same-type arguments can be better implemented as a parameter array argument. Generally, if a member declares three or more arguments of the same type, consider using a parameter array.
* Static holder types should be sealed (FxCop Microsoft.Design CA1052). Static holder types do not provide functionality that derived instances can extend. Inheriting from such a type indicates a flawed design.
* Use events where appropriate (FxCop Microsoft.Design CA1030). A method name suggestive of event functionality was encountered.
* Use generic event handler instances (FxCop Microsoft.Design CA1007). Do not declare new delegates to be used as event handlers when targeting a version of the .NET Framework that supports generics. Use an instance EventHandler<T> instead.
* Use properties where appropriate (FxCop Microsoft.Design CA1024). Properties should be used instead of Get/Set methods in most situations. Methods are preferable to properties in the following situations: the operation is a conversion, is expensive or has an observable side-effect; the order of execution is important; calling the member twice in succession creates different results; a member is static but returns a mutable value; or the member returns an array.
* Do not hardcode locale specific strings (FxCop Microsoft.Globalization CA1302). Do not use string literals for system items that have locale-specific designations. Special system locations should be retrieved using provided API such as GetFolderPath. See the System.Environment.SpecialFolder enumeration for more information.
* Set locale for data types (FxCop Microsoft.Globalization CA1306). In most cases, Locale should be explicitly set to CultureInfo.InvariantCulture on DataSet and DataTable instances. Upon creation of a DataSet or DataTable instance, the Locale is set to the current culture. In most cases, the Locale should be set to CultureInfo.InvariantCulture to guarantee proper sorting behavior in all cultures.
* Specify CultureInfo (FxCop Microsoft.Globalization CA1304). If an overload exists that takes a CultureInfo argument, it should always be called in favor of an overload that does not. The CultureInfo type contains culture-specific information required for performing numeric and string operations, such as casing, formatting, and string comparisons. In scenarios where conversion and parsing behavior should never change between cultures, specify CultureInfo.InvariantCulture, otherwise, specify CultureInfo.CurrentCulture.
* Specify IFormatProvider (FxCop Microsoft.Globalization CA1305). If an overload exists that takes an IFormatProvider argument, it should always be called in favour of an overload that does not. Some methods in the runtime convert a value to or from a string representation and take a string parameter that contains one or more characters, called format specifies, which indicate how the value is to be converted. If the meaning of the format specified varies by culture, a formatting object supplies the actual characters used in the string representation. In scenarios where sorting and comparison behavior should never change between cultures, specify CultureInfo.InvariantCulture, otherwise, specify CultureInfo.CurrentCulture.
* Specify StringComparison (FxCop Microsoft.Globalization CA1307). If an overload exists that takes a StringComparison argument, it should always be called in favour of an overload that does not.
* Use ordinal StringComparison (FxCop Microsoft.Globalization CA1309). For non-linguistic comparisons, StringComparison.Ordinal or StringComparison. OrdinalIgnoreCase should be used instead of the linguistically-sensitive StringComparison.InvariantCulture.

## Comments

* Comments should be written in order to make code understandable and maintainable.
* Only write comments when necessary, do not write comments for every line of code and every variable declared.
* Use **//** or **///** for comments. Avoid using **/\* … \*/**
* Do not write comments if the code is easily understandable without comment. The drawback of having lot of comments is that if you change the code and forget to change the comment, it will lead to more confusion.
* Fewer lines of comments will make the code more elegant. But if the code is not clean/readable and there are less comments, that is worse.
* Writes clean, readable code such a way that it doesn't need any comments or very little to understand.
* Perform spelling check on comments and also make sure proper grammar and punctuation is used.

## Coding Conventions Specific for this Project

* All strings must be trimmed before inserting to the database. Empty strings (after trimmed) are inserted as null. (Framework handles this already, just for some special cases)
* All repository methods must return Feedback (or derived) type.
* All repository methods must handle every exception occurring in the methods. All exceptions must be logged as Error.
* All repository methods should be unit tested
* All repository’s insert methods should create a new object based on the parameter object, and then insert the new object to the data context, instead of inserting directly the parameter object.
* Never initiate a repository class by new operator. Use Dependency Injection instead. Except for unit test cases.
* All messages must be stored in Psn.Resources.Messages resource file.
* If a repository method returns a specific message for that method, the message name in Resource file should be: MethodShortName\_MessageName. I.e InsertCategory\_DuplicateName
* All validation messages must be stored in Psn.Resources.ValidationMessages resource file
* All caching items must have cache time configured in the config file AppSettings.config
* All constants must be stored in Psn.Common.Constants class
* All configurable constants must be stored in config file AppSettings.config (i.e. CommentsPerPage)
* All open source libraries must be installed via Nuget (if exist there).
* Never use inline style and javascript. Use CSS and jQuery instead.
* Never use fixed link for internal links. Use routes instead. For example: must not use <a href=”www.place.vn”>..., use Html.ActionLink(“Index”, “Home”) instead.
* Validation attributes must use localization. Use attributes in Psn.Common.DataAnnotations (i.e. RequiredExtended, StringLengthExtended) to use default settings
* Use POST and GET methods appropriately. Use POST for actions that may update data (i.e. update/delete). Use GET for actions to retrieve data only (i.e. get details/list).
* Do not hard delete a record in database if the record has IsDeleted field. Update IsDeleted=1 instead.

# References

[1] Waterfall model:

<http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Waterfall_model>

[2] .NET Naming Guidelines:

<http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ms229002.aspx>

[3] FxCop rules and Code Analysis for Managed Code Warnings

<http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ee1hzekz.aspx>